

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

DR. GERALD R. FINKEL, as Chairman of the Joint  
Industry Board of the Electrical Industry,

Petitioner,

-against-

ALLSTATE ELECTRIC CORP.,

Respondent.

18 CV \_\_\_\_\_

**PETITION TO  
CONFIRM AN  
ARBITRATION AWARD**

Petitioner, Dr. Gerald R. Finkel, as Chairman of the Joint Industry Board of the Electrical Industry (“Petitioner” and/or the “Funds”) by and through their attorneys, Virginia & Ambinder, LLP (“V&A”), as and for their Petition to Confirm an Arbitration Award, respectfully allege as follows:

**NATURE OF THE ACTION**

1. This is an action under section 502(a)(3) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (“ERISA”), as amended, 29 U.S.C. § 1132(a)(3); section 301 of the Labor Management Relations Act of 1947 (“LMRA”), as amended, 29 U.S.C. § 185; and/or section 9 of the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C § 9, to confirm and enforce an Arbitrator’s Award rendered pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement (the “CBA”) between the Local Union #3 of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers (“Union”) and Allstate Electric Corp. (“Respondent”).

**JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

2. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1367, and 29 U.S.C. §§ 185 and 1132(e)(1).

3. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 1132(e)(2) because the ERISA Funds (as defined below) are administered in this district.

### **THE PARTIES**

4. The Plaintiff is the Chairman of the Joint Industry Board, the administrator of various employee benefit multi-employer plans established and maintained pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement between Local Union No. 3 of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, AFL-CIO, and certain employer associations and independent or unaffiliated employers in the electrical and other related industries. The Joint Industry Board maintains its principal place of business at 158-11 Harry Van Arsdale Jr. Avenue, Flushing, New York 11365.

5. The Joint Industry Board ("JIB") is the administrator and fiduciary within the meaning of §§ 3(16)(A)(i) and 3(21)(A) of ERISA, 29 U.S.C. §§ 1002(16)(A)(i) and 1002(21)(A), of each of the following employee benefit plans: the Pension, Hospitalization and Benefit Plan of the Electrical Industry, the Dental Benefit Fund of the Electrical Industry, the Educational and Cultural Trust Fund of the Electrical Industry, the Annuity Plan of the Electrical Industry, and the Health Reimbursement Account Plan of the Electrical Industry, the Deferred Salary Plan of the Electrical Industry (the "DSP"), the Joint Apprenticeship and Training Program (the "JATP"), and the National Electrical Benefit Plan ("NEBF")(collectively the "ERISA Plans").

6. Per the operative collective bargaining agreement, the JIB receives directly from each signatory employer a weekly remittance consisting of contributions to each of the ERISA Plans, except the DSP, as well as a Union assessment collected by the signatory employer from each Union member employed (the "Union Assessment"). The JIB acts as a mere collection agent with respect to the Union Assessment and NEBF contribution.

7. Each of the ERISA Plans is an employee benefit multiemployer plan within the meaning of §3(3) of ERISA, 29 U.S.C. 1002(3), and a multi-employer plan within the meaning of 3(37) of ERISA, 29 U.S.C. § 1002(37). Each of the ERISA Plans is also jointly administered by a board of trustees that is comprised of labor and management representatives who share equal representation in the administration of the Plans in accordance with 302(c)(5) of the LMRA, 29 U.S.C. § 186(c)(5).

8. The DSP is also a tax-qualified profit-sharing plan with a cash or deferred arrangement within the meaning of 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code"). Pursuant to the operative collective bargaining agreement, employers are required to deduct a specified percentage from the weekly wages of each eligible employee covered by the operative collective bargaining agreement and to remit such amounts, plus any additional salary deferrals made at the election of the employee (together, "Employee Contributions") to the DSP, along with related payroll reports. The Employee Contributions are employee-elective contributions, which, but for the salary deferrals, would have been paid to the employees as wages. Employers are also required to remit employer contributions to the DSP on behalf of all covered employees ("Employer Contributions"), in addition to the Employee Contributions and without regard to any election by the employees.

9. Pursuant to the CBA, the JIB may also collect employee loan payments due to the Union and certain Plans, and contributions to fund the operations of the JIB (collectively, the "Non-ERISA Plans"). Together, the loan payments and the amounts owed to the Non-ERISA Plans are referred to as the "Non-ERISA Contributions."

10. Employee loan repayments may also be deducted from employees' paychecks. The E&C Fund is authorized to make loans to employees, for the purpose of paying for college tuition

of a child of an employee, and the employees repay the amount of the loan by authorizing deductions from their paychecks.

11. The Employee Contributions and the Employer Contributions to the DSP are hereafter collectively referred to as "DSP Contributions." Employers are required to send all DSP Contributions and related payroll data to the DSP in care of Prudential Financial, Inc. ("Prudential"), the third-party record-keeper and investment manager retained by the JIB for such purposes. All DSP Contributions are allocated to individual accounts in the name of the covered employees, who are entitled to direct the investment of their DSP Contributions from among various investment alternatives selected by the JIB in conjunction with Prudential.

12. The signatory employer contributions to each of the ERISA Plans, except the DSP, the Union Assessment remittances, and the Non-ERISA Plan Contributions are collectively referred to as the "JIB Contributions." The JIB Contributions together with the DSP Contributions are hereafter collectively referred to as the "Required Contributions."

13. Respondent is a corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of New York. At relevant times, Respondent was an employer within the meaning of section 3(5) of ERISA, 29 U.S.C. § 1002(5), and was an employer in an industry affecting commerce within the meaning of section 501 of the LMRA, 29 U.S.C. § 142. Respondent maintains its principal place of business at 555 Eighth Avenue, Suite 809, New York, NY 10018.

#### **THE ARBITRATION AWARD**

14. Respondent is a member of the New York Electrical Contractors Association, Inc. and the Association of Electrical Contractors, Inc. (together, the "Associations"). As a member of the Associations, Respondent agreed to be bound to the collective bargaining agreements entered

into by the Associations and the Union. Copies of the relevant collective bargaining agreements (“CBA”) are collectively annexed hereto as **Exhibit A**.

15. The CBAs require Respondent, *inter alia*, to make Required Contributions to the ERISA Plans, the Non-ERISA Plans, and the Union for all work within the trade and geographical jurisdiction of the Union and to submit weekly payroll reports that provide the name, gross wages, and hours worked for each worker employed by the company on whose behalf Required Contributions are made. *See* Exhibit A, Article II, Sections 4-9.

16. The CBA provides, *inter alia*, that “the parties to this Agreement hereby agree to, and shall be bound, by the provisions of the Plan and Trust documents established and maintained for purposes of implementing the benefits provided for in this Agreement...including but not limited to, the delinquency and collection procedures of the Plan and the requirements of ERISA.” Exhibit A, Article II, Section 12.a.

17. The CBA further provides that an employer “shall be liable for the remedies under Section 502(g)(2) of ERISA, including liquidated damages in an amount not in excess of 20%, in the event of entry of judgment against the Employer in an action or proceeding to collect delinquent contributions.” *Id.*

18. The JIB established a Policy for the Collection of Delinquent Contributions (“Collection Policy”). A copy of the Collection Policy is annexed hereto as **Exhibit B**.

19. The JIB also established Arbitration Procedures and Rules Governing Employer Delinquency Disputes and Audits (“Arbitration Procedures”). A copy of the Arbitration Procedures is annexed hereto as **Exhibit C**.

20. Pursuant to the Collection Policy, the JIB is authorized to conduct an audit of a signatory employer's books and records in order to verify the accuracy of the employer's Required Contributions. *See* Exhibit B, Article I.6.

21. The Collection Policy provides that if an employer fails to remit contributions and has not submitted payroll reports for such unpaid contributions, the JIB may "use a prior week's payroll report submitted by the employer to calculate the amount of Contributions due from the employer." Exhibit B, Article II.F.1.

22. Pursuant to the Collection Policy, interest on delinquent contributions is to be calculated at the rate set forth in Section 6621 of the Internal Revenue Code for all ERISA Plans, except the NEBF which has adopted a 10% interest rate. *See* Exhibit B, Article II.E.1.

23. The Collection Policy further provides that an employer shall be liable for liquidated damages and attorneys' fees and costs if legal action is commenced. *See* Exhibit B, Article II.E.2.

24. The Arbitration Procedures provide that the arbitrator shall have the jurisdiction to determine any disputes between the "JIB against an Employer, related to the Employer's obligation to contribute to the Funds, including but not limited to Audits, Delinquencies, interest, liquidated damages, and attorneys' fees and costs...". Exhibit C, Section I.K and II.A.

25. The Arbitration Procedures further provide that if the arbitrator finds in whole or in part for the JIB, the employer shall be liable for the arbitrator's fees and attorneys' fees and costs. Exhibit C, Section X.

26. Pursuant to the Collection Policy, Petitioners conducted an audit of Respondent in order to determine whether Respondent had complied with its obligations under the CBA (the "Audit").

27. The auditor determined that Respondent failed to remit contributions in the amount of \$79,761.19.

28. A dispute arose between the parties when Respondent failed to remit: (1) required contributions for the period from the payroll week ending March 14, 2018 to the payroll week ending May 9, 2018, and (2) interest on required contributions that were paid late or remain unpaid.

29. A further dispute arose between the parties when Respondent failed to remit the findings contained in the Audit.

30. Pursuant to the Collection Policy and Arbitration Procedures, Petitioners initiated arbitration before the designated arbitrator, Thomas J. Lilly, Jr. Petitioners noticed said arbitration by mailing a Notice of Intent to Arbitrate with Statement of Claims by UPS overnight mail. A copy of the Notice of Intent to Arbitrate and Statement of Claims are annexed hereto as **Exhibit D** and **Exhibit E**, respectively.

31. As per the Arbitration Procedures, five days prior to the arbitration hearing, Petitioners served Respondent, via UPS overnight mail, with a copy of Petitioner's Prehearing Memorandum of Law. *See* Exhibit C, Section XI.A. A copy of the Prehearing Memorandum of Law is annexed hereto as **Exhibit F**.

32. Thereafter, the arbitrator held a hearing and rendered his award, in writing, dated June 12, 2018, determining said dispute (the "Award"). A copy of the Award was delivered to Respondent. A copy of the Award is annexed hereto as **Exhibit G**.

33. The arbitrator found that Respondent was in violation of the terms of the CBA and ordered Respondent to pay the Funds the sum of \$915,030.97 consisting of (1) delinquent contributions of \$655,384.18; (2) interest of \$24,506.53; (3) audit deficiencies of \$79,761.19; (4)

liquidated damages of \$147,029.07; (5) legal fees and costs of \$6,950.00; and (6) arbitrator fees of \$1,400.00.

34. Respondent has failed to abide by the Award.

35. The Award has not been vacated or modified and no application for such relief is currently pending.

36. This petition is timely as it was filed within the one year statute of limitations applicable to a petition to confirm an arbitrator's award.

37. Petitioners are entitled to the reasonable attorneys' fees and costs expended in this matter pursuant to the Award and Section 502(g) of ERISA, 29 U.S.C. § 1132(g). *See* Exhibit G.

38. Copies of V&A's contemporaneous time records, reflecting all time spent and all activities performed in the prosecution of this matter by its attorneys and staff, are annexed hereto as **Exhibit H**.

39. I, Julie Dabrowski ("JD" in the accompanying billing records), am a 2014 graduate of American University Washington College of Law, and an associate at V&A. Since graduating law school and being admitted to the New York State bar, I have handled the prosecution of numerous ERISA collections actions. V&A billed my time at a rate of \$250 per hour for work performed in connection with this action.

40. V&A billed the legal assistants' time at a rate of \$120 per hour for work performed in connection with this action.

41. In my experience, the foregoing hourly rates are similar to or lower than the rates typically charged by attorneys of commensurate skill and experience in similar actions in the Southern and Eastern Districts of New York.



